

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

Abstract

General and Academic IV - Faculty of Humanities - Syllabus of V and VI Semester Integrated MA Politics and International Relations under CBCSS Regulations for Integrated PG Programmes with effect from 2020 admission onwards- Implemented -Subject to Ratification by the Academic Council - Orders Issued.

G & A - IV - B

U.O.No. 20497/2022/Admn

Dated, Calicut University.P.O, 29.10.2022

Read:-1.U.O.No. 4852/2021/Admn dated 26.04.2021.

2.U.O.No. 6374/2022/Admn dated 09.03.2022.

3.U.O.No. 6931/2022/Admn dated 16.03.2022

4.Item No.1 of the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG held on 23.06.2022.

5. Remarks of the Dean, Faculty of Humanities dated 09.09.2022.

6.Orders of the Vice Chancellor in the file of even No and dated 15.09.2022.

<u>ORDER</u>

- 1. The Regulations for the Integrated Programmes under Choice Based Credit Semester System (CBCSS) in affiliated colleges has been implemented in the University with effect from 2020 Admission onwards, subject to ratification by the Academic Council, vide paper read (1) above.
- 2. The Scheme and the Syllabus of I and II Semester Integrated MA Politics and International Relations under CBCSS Regulations for Integrated PG Programmes has been Implemented in the Colleges affiliated to University of Calicut with effect from 2020 admission onwards, vide paper read (2) above.
- 3. The Syllabus of III and IV Semester Integrated MA Politics and International Relations programme under CBCSS Regulations for Integrated PG Programmes with two allied core courses out of three disciplines History /Sociology and Economics, has been Implemented in the Colleges affiliated to University of Calicut with effect from 2020 admission onwards, vide paper read (3) above.
- 4. The meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG held on 23.06.2022, vide reference cited (4) above has resolved to approve the syllabus of the V and VI semester Integrated MA Politics and International Relations programme.
- 5. The Dean, Faculty of Humanities, vide paper read (5) above, has approved the above resolution of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG held on 23.06.2022.
- 6. Under these circumstances, considering the urgency, the Vice Chancellor has accorded sanction to implement the Syllabus of V and VI Semester Integrated MA Politics and International Relations under CBCSS Regulations for Integrated PG Programmes in the Colleges affiliated to University of Calicut with effect from 2020 admission onwards, subject to ratification by the Academic Council.
- 7. The Syllabus of V and VI Semester Integrated MA Politics and International Relations programme under CBCSS Regulations for Integrated PG Programmes, is therefore Implemented in the Colleges affiliated to University of Calicut with effect from 2020 admission

onwards.

8. Orders are issued accordingly. (Syllabus of V and VI Semester Integrated MA Politics and International Relations programme appended)

Ajitha P.P

Joint Registrar

To

The Principals of all Affiliated Colleges
Copy to: PS to VC, PA to PVC, PA to Registrar, GA IF Section, Library, Digital Wing, EX /
EG sections, PA to CE, JCE I, II, V/SF

Forwarded / By Order

Section Officer

Semester V

Core Course VII - PIR5 IB01- Research Methodology

Through this course the students are introduced to various research methods used in socialscience research. The course is expected to develop comprehensive knowledge and necessaryskills for conducting research.

Module I: (A) **Research Method and Research Methodology**Scientific Method-Features and limitations, Social Science Research

- b) Concepts and variables: A brief analysis.
- c) Questions of Objectivity and Subjectivity-Rationalism-Empiricism-Positivism
- d) Deduction and Induction
- e) Hypothesis: Types, functions, importance

Module II: Types of Research:

- a) Quantitative and Qualitative, Pure and Applied, Historical and Analytical,
- b) Survey Research: features, merits and demerits.

Module III: Research Design. Meaning and importance.

Types of Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Experimental and Action Research.

Module IV: Sampling: Meaning and importance.

c) Types of sampling, Random/ Probability sampling- Stratified Systematic and Cluster sampling.

Non -Probability Sampling - Convenient, Quota and Snow ball sampling

Module V: Data collection

- a) Types of Data -Primary and Secondary.
- b) Tools and Techniques of Data Collection- Interview, Schedule, Questionnaire, Observation.

Participant observation

- c) Data Processing and Analysis Editing, Coding, Simple Statistical methods, SPSS
- d) Report writing -format of the report, Reference-systems and styles, Bibliography, Plagiarism

Books and References

- 1. Bahnanes & Peter Caputi, Introduction to Quantitative Research Methods, Sage, New Delhi, 2010.
- 2. Bridget Somek, Lewin, Research Methods in the Social Sciences, Vistaar Publications, NewDelhi, 2008.
- 3. Ghosh B.N, Scientific Method and Social Research, Sterling, New Delhi.
- 4. Goode and Hatt, Methods in Social Research, Mc Graw-Hill, New York, 1952.
- 5. Gopal Lal Jain, Research Methodology: Methods Tools and Techniques, Mangal DeepPublications, Jaipur, 2003.
- 6. Kerlinger F.W, Foundations of Behavioural Research, Revised edition, Surjeeth Publications, New Delhi.
- 7. Kothari.C.R, Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques. New Age International, NewDelhi, 2004.
- 8. Krishnaswamy O.R & Rangananthan M, Methodology of Research in Social Sciences.

Himalaya, 2006.

- 9. Sharma B.A.V.Prasad & Satyanarayana.P (ed), Research Methods in Social Sciences, Sterling, New Delhi, 1983.
- 10. Young P.V, Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Asia publishing House, Bombay, 1997.
- 11. Zina O Leary, The Essential Guide to Doing Research, Vistaar, New Delhi, 2008.
- 12. Burnett, Judith, Doing Your Social Science Dissertation, Sage, New Delhi, 2009.

13. Janet Butlaw Johnson, H J Reynolds, Political Science Research Methods, Sage, New Delhi,

2012

- 14. Doneteen R Loseke, Methodological Thinking, Sage, 2012
- 15. Abhijith Kundu, Social Science Methodology,

Core Course VIII- PIR5 IB02 - Modern Western Political Thought

This course introduces important streams in modern western political thought. It provides a fairlycomprehensive overview of the major western political thinkers and their ideas. The course as awhole is meant to provide a sense of the broad streams of modern western political traditionwhile encouraging a specific knowledge of individual thinkers.

Module I: Machiavelli

Human Nature, Morality and Statecraft, Religion, Secularism

Module -II Liberal Tradition - Social Contractualists:

Thomas Hobbes: State of nature, Social contract, Nature and attributes of state.

John Locke: State of nature, Social contract, Natural rights, Nature and functions of state.

J.J. Rousseau: State of nature, Social contract, General will.

Module II: Liberal Tradition Utilitarians and Idealists

Jeremy Bentham: Pleasure pain theory

J.S.Mill: Modifications of Bentham's theory, on Liberty and suffrage and subjection of women

Module III: Liberal Tradition Idealists

Hegel: Dialectics, State and freedom

T.H. Green: theory of State, theory of Positive freedom

Module IV: Marxian Tradition

Karl Marx – Alienation, Base-superstructure Relations, Dialectical Materialism and Historical

Materialism, Theory of Surplus Value, Class Struggle, theory of State

V.I. Lenin - Imperialism and Democratic centralism

Mao-Tse-Tung - On Contradiction

Antonio Gramsci- Hegemony

Module V - 20th Century Political Thought

John Rawls - Theory of Justice

Books and References:

1. Iyan Adms & R. W. Dyson, Fifty Great Political Thinkers, Foundation Books, Routledge,

2007.

- 2. Dunning W.A, A History of political Theories, Vols II and III, Macmillan, New York.
- 3. Gettel R.G, History of Political Thought, Surject Publications, New Delhi, 2007.
- 4. Chris Sparks & Sturat Issacs, Political Theorists in Context, Rawat Book Sellers, 2010.
- 5. Fred Dalmayr (ed), Comparative Political Theory: An Introduction, Palgrave Macmillian,

2010.

- 6. Rawls.J, A Theory of Justice, Oxford University press, London 1971.
- 8. Sabine.G.H, History of Political Theory, 4th revised edition, Oxford and IBH,2007.
- 9. Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy, A History of Political Thought, PHI, New Delhi, 1999.
- 10. Varma V.P, Modern Indian Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2000.
- 11. Wayper C. L, Political Thought, English University Press, London, 1967.
- 12. William Ebenstein, Great Political Thinkers, Oxford IBH, New Delhi, 1969.
- 13. Daniel Guerin, Anarchism, Delhi, Aakar Books, 2010.
- 14. Paul Eltzbacher, The Great Anarchists, Mineola, New York, Dover Publications INC, 2004.

Core Course IX - PIR5 IB03 -State, Society and Political Process in Kerala

The course intends to create an in-depth understanding of modem Kerala, its society, polity andeconomy. It has been structured to provide a detailed account of the evolution of socio-political processes, social and political movements, governmental actions, etc. that led to the formation of present day Kerala. The course also gives a comprehensive analysis of Kerala economy, its contemporary challenges and the problems faced by some of the important sections of the state.

Module I: Making of Modern Kerala

- a) Caste and class structure in 19th and 20th century Kerala
- b) Role of Missionaries
- c) Social Reformers and Reform Movements
- d) Rise of representative institutions

Module II: Genesis of Social and Political Activism

- a) Channar Lahala/ Melshila kalapam
- b) Malayali and Ezhava Memorial

- c) Temple Entry Movements Vaikom and Guruvayoor
- d) Abstention movement
- e) Development of National movement, Trade Unions, Peasant movements, Communist

Party

Module III: Formation of Keralam and Political Process

Aikya Kerala Movement, Vimochana Samaram

Political Parties and electoral Politics: Coalition Politics - Emerging Trends

Rise of fundamentalism and Communalism

Working of Panchayathiraj institutions - Peoples Planning Programme,

Module IV: Kerala Economy

Land reform and question of land in contemporary Kerala

Kerala Model of Development- Features and Challenges

Poverty Alleviation- Kudumbasree

Module V: Marginalized groups and Social movements

Dalits, Adivasis, Women, OBCs, Transgenders

Environmental Movements in Kerala - Silent Valley and Plachimada

Books and References

- 1. John P, Coalition Governments in Kerala, Institute for the Study of Public Policy and Management, Trivandrum, 1983.
- 2. Joseph Tharamangalam (ed), Kerala: The Paradoxes of Public action and development, Orient

Longman, New Delhi, 2006.

3. Mathew E.T (ed), Dynamics of Migration in Kerala: Dimension, Differential and Consequences, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2003.

- 4. Nossiter T.R, Communism in Kerala: A Study in Political Adaptation, OUP, New Delhi, 1982.
- 5. Oommen M.A (ed), Kerala's Development Experiences- vols. I & II, Institute of SocialSciences, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1999.
- 6. Ramakrishnan Nair R, Constitutional Experiments in Kerala, Kerala Academy of PoliticalSciences, Trivandrum.
- 7. Robin Jeffrey, Politics, Women and Well-being, How Kerala Became a Model?, OUP, NewDelhi, 1993.
- 8. Robin Jeffrey, Decline of Nair Dominance: Society and Politics in Travancore, 1847-1907, Vikas, New Delhi.
- 9. Thomas Issac T.M & Richard Frank, Local Democracy and Development: Peoples campaignfor Decentralised Planning in Kerala, Defford Books, New Delhi, 2000.
- 10. Jose Chander N, Kerala: Dynamics of State Politics, Sterling, Delhi, 1986.

Core Course X - PIR5 IB04 - Introduction to International Politics

This paper aims to equip students with the basic intellectual tools for understanding InternationalRelations. It introduces some of the most important theoretical approaches in international relations. The Course also contains different concepts in International Relations such as powerdiplomacy and foreign policy.

Module I: Perspectives on the study of International Politics:

- a) Meaning, nature, scope and importance of International Politics.
- b) Approaches to the study of International Politics: Idealism, Realism and Neo-Realism, NeoliberalismSystems theory, Game theory, Decision Making theory.

Module II Emergence of the International State System

- a) Westphalian system,
- b) Imperialism and Colonialism
- c) Cold War

Module III: Power and Mechanisms in Inter State Relations

- a) Power, National Power, Elements of National Power
- b) Balance of Power: Meaning, devices and contemporary relevance
- c) Collective Security: Meaning and safeguards
- d) Pacific settlement of International disputes: Devices under UN charter
- e) International Law: nature, limitations and contemporary relevance.

Module IV: Diplomacy:

Functions, types and limitations of Diplomacy. Diplomacy in the post-Cold war period

Module V: Foreign Policy

a) Meaning and Determinants of Foreign Policy

Books and References

- 1.Abdul Said, Theory of International Relations, Crisis of Relevance, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2.C W.Kegley etc (ed), World Politics: Trends and Transformations: Martins Publications, NewYork, 2000.
- 3. H J. Morgenthau, Politics among Nations: Struggle for power and Peace, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, 1985.
- 4. John Baylis, Steve Smit etc (ed), The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction toInternational Relations, 4th edition, Oxford, University Press, New York, 2008.
- 5. R Jackson and G Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations, Theories and Approaches, OUP, 2003.
- 6. Norman D Palmer and Perkins, International Relations, A.I.T.B.S.Publishers, New Delhi, 2007.
- 7. S Burchill, R Devetak (ed), Theories of International Relations, Palgrave, New York, 2008.
- 8. Vinaya Kumar Malhotra, Theories and Approaches to International Relations, Anmol, New

Delhi, 2001.

- 11. Martin Griffiths, 50 thinkers in International Relations, Rutledge, London, 1999.
- 12. Richard Devatak, et al, An Introduction to International Relations, Cambridge, New Delhi,

2010.

- 12. Rumki Bose, International Politics: Concepts, Theory, Issues, Sage, 2012.
- 13. BS Chimmini & Sidhartha Mallavarapu, International Relations, Pearson, 2012.

Semester VI

Core Courses XI - PIR6 IB01 - Modern Indian Political Thought

The course intends to provide insights into the different traditions of Indian political thinking. Itattempts to equip students to familiarise with ideas of modern political thinkers in India anddevelop their own notions of socio-political issues.

Module I: Indian Renaissance

(a)Raja Ram Mohan Roy: Social reformer and views on Liberty and Rights.

(b)Jyothirao Phule : Caste Slavery

(c) Vivekananda: Views on Nationalism, and Democracy

(d)Pandita Ramabhai : Emancipation of Women

Module II: Nationalism and Religion:

(a) V D Sarvarkar - Hindu nationalism

(b) Mohammed Ali Jinnah - Views on Hindu - Muslim unity and Two Nations Theory.

C) Rabindranath Tagore - Critique of Nationalism

Module III: Contributions of Mahatma Gandhi and Nehru

(a) Gandhi - Satyagraha and Non-violence, Hind Swaraj, Swadeshi Trusteeship.

(b) Nehru - Socialism, Secularism and Development.

Module IV: Socialist Thinkers:

(a) M.N.Roy - Radical Humanism

(b) Ram Manohar Lohia - views on Socialism

(c) Jayaprakash Narayan - Total Revolution

Module V: Social Justice

(a) Dr.B.R.Ambedkar - views on Caste System, Social Justice

- (b)Sree Narayana Guru Social Reform; Views on universalism.
- (c) E.V.Ramaswamy: Rationalism and Self-Respect

Books and References

- 1. Appadorai A, Documents in Political Thought in Modern India, 2 vols, O U P, Bombay, 1975.
- 2. Appadorai, Indian Political thinking: Through the Ages, Khama Publishers, New Delhi, 1992.
- 3. Anthony J Parel (ed), Gandhi 'Hind Swaraj' and other Writings, New Delhi, Cambridge

University Press, 2010

- 4. J. Sharma, Hindutva: Exploring the Idea of Hindu Nationalism, Delhi: Penguin, 2003.
- 5. Joshi, V.C., Ram Mohan and Process of Modernization, Vikas, New Delhi, 1979.
- 6. Murkot Kunhappa, The Sree Narayana Guru, National Book Trust, New Delhi, 1982.
- 9. Bidyut Chakrabarthy & R.K. Pandey, Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Sage, 2009.
- 10. Valerian Rodrigues(ed), The Essential Writings of B.R.Ambedkar, O U P, New Delhi, 2002.
- 11. Varma.V.P, Modern Indian Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2000.
- 12. Anil Dutta and Mishra, Reading Gandhi, Pearson 2012.
- 13. Thomas Pantham & Kenneth L Deutsch, Political Thought in Modern India, Sage, 2010.
- 14. Himanshu Roy and M P. Singh, Indian Political Thought, Pearson, 2009.
- 15. Valerian Rodrigues, The Essential Writings of B.R. Ambedkar, OUP, New Delhi, 2004.

Core Course XII - PIR6 IBO2- India's Foreign Policy

The course tries to build clear idea about the fundamentals of India's foreign policy. It strives to familiarise students with the basic principles, objectives, structures and processes of India's foreign policy formulation. It also discusses India's engagements with international institutions, regions and states, as well as some of the major issues and challenges of foreign policy.

Module I: Principles, Objectives and Basic Determinants

- a) Principles and objectives of India's foreign policy
- **b)** Basic Determinants of Indian Foreign Policy -Domestic and External determinants.

Module II: India and Neighbours:

(a) Pakistan (b) Bangladesh (c) Sri Lanka (d) Nepal

Module III: India and Major Powers

a) U.S.A (b) Russia (c) China

Module IV: Engagement with Regional Organisations

(a) ASEAN (b) SAARC (c) E.U

Module V: India and the New World Order - Challenges and Opportunities

- a) Relevance of Non-alignment policy
- b) Emergence as a Nuclear Power A critical assessment of India's Nuclear Policy
- c) India and UN
- d) India and Climate change negotiations

Books and References

- 1. A. Appadorai, Domestic Roots of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi, OUP,1981.
- 2. V. N. Khanna, Foreign Policy of India, Vikas, 2010.
- 3. V. P. Dutt, India's Foreign Policy in Changing World, Vikas, New Delhi, 2010.

- 4. R. Bradrock, India's Foreign Policy Since 1971, Royal Institute for International Affairs, London, 1990.
- 5. S. D. Muni, India's Foreign Policy, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
- 6. Pavithran K. S, Non-Alignment: Unipolar World and Beyond, New Bharathiya BookCorporation, New Delhi, 2007.
- 7. S. Cohen, India: Emerging Power, Brookings Institution Press, 2002
- 8. D. Scott (ed.), Handbook of India's International Relations, London, Routeledge, 2011.
- 9. Navnitha Chandha Behera (ed), International Relations in South Asia : Search for Alternative

Paradign. New Delhi, 2008.

10. Lalit Man Shigh and Dilip Lahiri, Indian Foreign Policy: Agenda for the 21st century,

Konark, 2017.

- 11. Somarajan C.N (ed) , Formulation and practice of India's Foreign Policy, Deep & Deep.
- 12. Summit Ganguly, India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect, OUP, New Delhi, 2012.

Core Course XIII - PIR6 IB03 - Issues in International Politics

The course intends to familiarise students with the main issues and concerns of the contemporary international order. It discusses a range of themes in international politics with a view todeveloping critical insights on contemporary questions.

Module I: Post cold war analysis of International Politics:

- a) Polarity redefined. Nature of contemporary International system
- b) End of Ideology and Clash of Civilizations Debates
- c) USA in the present Order
- d) Emerging Powers -Role of India and China in the world Politics.

Module II: Regional Organizations

a) European Union, ASEAN and SAARC

Module -III- Other Non-State actors in International Politics

- a)International Financial Institutions -World Bank, IMF, WTO
- b)New Actors BRICS, G-20
- c)Multinational corporations (MNCS), Transnational Corporations (TNCS)

Module IV: Contemporary Issues in International Politics

- a) Globalization: Meaning, dimensions and its impact on national sovereignty;
- b) International Terrorism: Non-State Actors and State Terrorism: a critical analysis.
- c) Disarmament and Arms Control- NPT, CTBT
- d) Environmental Issues: Climatic change, Global warming
- e) Global Resistances -Global Social Movements Anti war, Anti Globalisation movements
- f) Refugees and Migration

Module V: UNO and Contemporary issues

a) UN -The United Nations: Structure and Functions

b) Restructuring of the Security Council.

Books and References

- 1. Charles W.Kegley, et.al (ed), World Politics: Trends and Transformation, St:MartinsPublications, New York, 2000.
- 2.Gulam Mohammed Dar, An Introduction to International relations, Rajath Publications, NewDelhi, 2008.
- 3. Hans J.Morgenthau, Politics among Nations: Struggle for Power and Peace, revised edition,

Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, 1985.

- 4. David.J.Wittaker, The Terrorism: A Reader, Routledge, London, 2001.
- 5. John.Allphon Moore Jr.& Jerry Pubants, The New UN: International Organisation in the 21st Century, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2008.
- 6. John Baylis, Steve Smith (ed), The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction toInternational Relations, 4th edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
- 7. Palmer and Perkins, International Relations, Revised Indian edition, A.I.T.B.S Publisher's, New Delhi, 2002.
- 8. Robert Jackson & Georg Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations, Theories and

Approaches. 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.

- 9. Gopakumar G. (Ed), Federalism, Foreign Policy and International Treaties, New CenturyPublications, 2011.
- 10. Saxena K.P: Reforming the United Nations, The Challenges and Relevance, Sage, NewDelhi, 2003
- 11. Steger M.Manfred, Globalization: A very short Introduction, Oxford University Press, Pondichery, 2009.

Core Course XIV - PIR6 IB04 Introduction to Public Administration

In this course the students are provided an introduction to the discipline of Public Administrationwith a special focus on contemporary administrative developments. The course explores some ofthe systems and structures in public administration. The paper contains certain classical and contemporary administrative theories. The course also provides the students a comprehensiveunderstanding on major elements of public administration

Module I.

Definition, nature, scope and importance of Public Administration-Public Administration and Private Administration. Theories of Administration. Scientific Management; Human Relations; Bureaucratictheories.

Module II.

Administrative Law - Rule of Law - Delegated legislation - AdministrativeAdjudication.

Module III.

Principles of Organisation; Hierarchy -Unity of command - Span of control-Delegation - Co-ordination - Communication.

Module IVDevelopment

Administration-Weberian and Rigg's model

Module V.

Personnel Administration

- a) Spoils, Merit Bureaucratic, Aristocratic and Democratic systems
- **b)** Bureaucracy Meaning Characteristics Defects and merits U.P.S.C and State P.S.Cs

Books and References

I. A. Avasthi and S. R. Maheswari, Public Administration, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal, 1996.

- 2.D. D. Basu, Administrative Law, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1986.
- 3.C. P. Bhambri, Administration in a Changing Society: Bureaucracy and Politics in India, Delhi, Vikas, 1991.
- 4. S. R. Maheshwari, Administrative Theories, New Delhi, Allied, 1994.
- 5.S. R. Nigam, Principles of Public Administration, Allahabad Kitab Mahal, 1980.
- 6. Bidyut Chakrabarty, Reinventing Public Administration: The Indian Experience, OrientLongman, 2007
- 7. Noorjahan Bava, Development Policies and Administration in India, Delhi: Uppal Publishers, 2001.
- 8. J. Perry, Handbook of Public Administration, San Francisco, Jossey-Bass, 1989
- 9. R. K. Arora and S. Sharma (eds.), Comparative & Development Administration: Ideas &

Action, Jaipur, Arihant, 1992.

10. S. S. Gadkari and M. R. Kolhetkar, Introduction in Public Administration, New Delhi, Allied

Publishers, 2000.

11, Pradeep Sahni and Etakula Vayu Nadan, Administrative Theory, PHI Learning, New Delhi

2010

ELECTIVE COURSES

Elective Course I - PIR6 IE01 - International Organisations and Administration

The course contains discussion about the evolution and growth of international organisations and its importance in contemporary global order. Detailed study of various types of international organisations, their role in building rules and norms in international life is the aim of this course.

Module I: (A) Evolution of International Organisations

(B) League of Nations: Structure and achievements

Failure of League of Nations.

Module II: United Nations

United Nations Organisation: purposes and principles.

Structure and functions of Principal Organs and specialised agencies,

Restructuring of UN Security Council

Module III: UN for Peace

Peace keeping operations under UNO: A brief analysis

Collective Security measures undertaken by UNO: Korean and Iraq

experiences. Disarmament efforts under UN: NPT, CTBT

Module IV. International Organizations

Regional organizations - EU, ASEAN, SAARC

International Financial Organisations - World Bank, IMF,

WTO. New Groups -BRICS, G-20

Module V. Major Issues

Terrorism, Climate change, Migration, Refugees, Poverty, Inequality

Books and References

- 1. Charles W.Kegley, etc (ed), World Politics: Trends and Transformation, St:MartinsPublication, New York, 2000.
- 2. David J.Wittaker, The Terrorism: A Reader, Routledgs, London, 2001.
- 3. Hans J.Margenthau, Politics among Nations: Struggle for power and peace, Revised edition, Kalyani publishers, New Delhi, 1989.
- 4. John Allphin Moore Jr, The New United Nations: International organization in & JerryPubants the 21st century, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. John Baylis, Steve Smith, The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction etc; (ed) 4thedition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
- 6. Mahendra Kumar, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shiva Lal Agarwal & Company, New Delhi.
- 7. Palmer and Perkins, International Relations, AITBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
- 8. Samuel Huntinghton, The Clash of civilizations and the Remaking of World Order, PenguinBooks, New Delhi, 2008.
- 9. Saxena K.P, Reforming the United Nations: The Challenges and Relevance, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
- 10. T. Cohn, Global Political Economy, Pearson New Delhi, 2009.
- 11.A. Kumar and D. Messner (eds), Power Shifts and Global Governance: Challengesfrom South and North, London, Anthem Press, 2010.
- 12. P. Dicken, Global Shift: Mapping the Changing Contours of the World Economy, New York, The Guilford Press, 2007.

Moore, J.A. Jr. and Pubantz, J, The new United Nations. Delhi, 2008

Elective Course II - PIR6 IE02 - Human Rights

The course aims to develop in-depth understanding of the concept of human rights and the different approaches to it. The course also discusses major international instruments and institutions for the protection of human rights. Students are expected to know about majorchallenges to human rights and important laws for its protection in India by the end of the course.

Module I: Human Rights: Meaning, evolution and importance.

Approaches: Western, Marxian, Feminist and Third World.

Module II: UNO and Human Rights:

- a) Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- b) The International Covenants- International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights

(ICCPR), International Covenant on Social Economic and Cultural Rights (ICSECR).

c) The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (UNHCHR)

Module III: Human Rights in India:

- a) Constitutional provisions- Fundamental rights; Directive principles of State Policy
- b) Important Legislations-
- ☐ Protection of Civil Rights Act -1955;
- ☐ Prevention of Atrocities (SCs and STs) Act 1989,
- ☐ Right to information Act (2005)
- ☐ The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal)

Act, 2013

- ☐ The Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act- 2016.
- c) Instrumentalities for the protection of Human Rights- National Human RightsCommission, Judiciary, Public Interest Litigation and Media.

Module IV: Human Rights Movements: Amnesty International, Human Rights Watch, PeoplesUnion for Civil Liberties, Environmental Movements.

Module V: Challenges to Human Rights:

Atrocities against women, children, other marginalized sections, Refugees and displaced persons

Books and References

- 1. Andrew Clapham, Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford University Press, NewYork, 2007.
- 2. Chiranjeevi Nirmal, Human Rights in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997.
- 3. Darren J.O Byrne, (ed), Human Rights: An Introduction, Pearson, New Delhi, 2004.
- 4. Janusz Symonides (ed), New Dimensions and Challenges for Human Rights, RawatPublications, Jaipur, 2006.
- 5. Johari J.C, Human Rights and New World Order, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 1998.
- 6. Krishna Iyer.V.R, Minorities, Civil Liberties and Criminal Justice, People's Publishing House, New Delhi, 1980.
- 7. Shashi Motilal & Bijayalaxm, Human Rights, Gender and Environment, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2006
- 8. South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre, Introducing Human Rights, OUP, NewDelhi, 2007.
- 9. Ujjwal Kumar Singh (ed), Human Rights and peace: Ideas, Laws, Institutions and Movements, Sage, New Delhi, 2009.
- 10. Upendra Baxi, Inhuman wrongs and Human Rights, Har Anand, New Delhi, 1994
- 11. Upendra Bax,: The Right to be Human, Lancer International, New Delhi, 1987.
- 12. Pavithran K S, (ed), Human Rights in India: Discourses and Contestations, Gyan books, NewDelhi, 2018.

Elective Course III - PIR6 IE03 Development Administration

The course aim to familiarise students about various ideas related to development administration. The course also includes discussions on theoretical approaches and various issues in the field.

Module I.

Concept and Meaning, Scope, Importance,

Evolution and Growth of Development Administration

Module II.

Theories and Approaches: Capitalist, Socialist, Mixed economy and Gandhian

Module III.

Development Administration in India.

- (a) Constitutional frame work-. Central, State and Local administration.
- (b)Social auditing Grievances redressal Cell Ombudsman
- (c) E Governance

Module IV.

Issues related to Development: Poverty, Inequality, regional disparity, Rural class structure, gender and class structure.

Module V.

Politics - Administrative Interface.

a) Nature of grass root level politics - role of bureaucracy

Inter relationship between Politicians and Bureaucrats. Enhancing Bureaucratic capability

b) Decentralisation and development- Concept of democratic decentralization -

Evolution and role of Panchayat Raj - Three tire system

Impact of 73rd and 74th Constitutional amendments on Panchayat Raj.

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